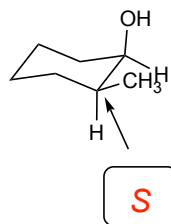
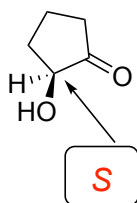
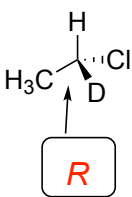
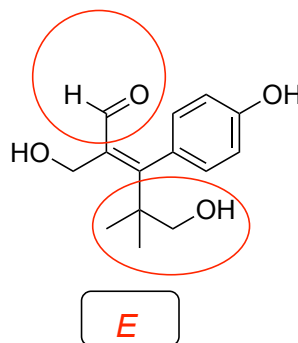
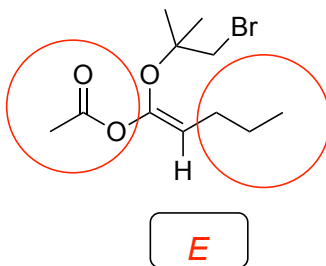
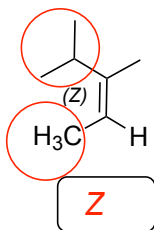


1. (9 pts) Assign the absolute stereochemical configuration (**R** or **S**) for each of the indicated stereogenic centers.

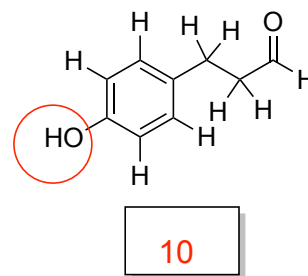
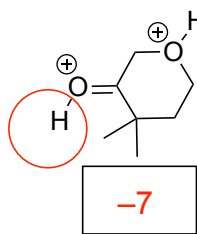
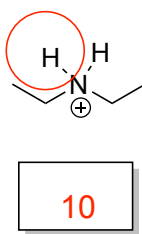
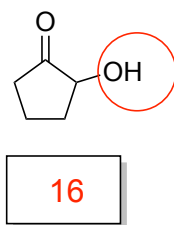
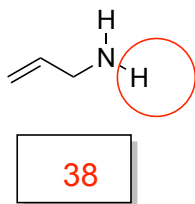


2. (9 pts) Label the following alkenes **E** or **Z**



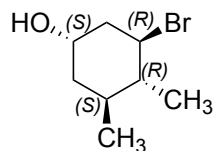
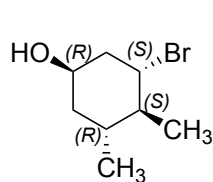
3. (5 points) For each of the compounds below

1) circle or draw in the most acidic hydrogen
2) enter an approximate pKa value

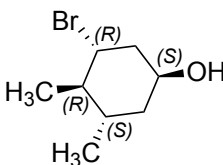


YOU NEED TO LEARN THESE!

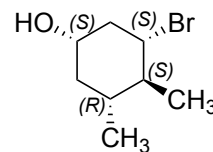
4. (5 pts) Draw the enantiomer and a diastereomer of the following compound and give total number of stereoisomers possible



OR



enantiomer



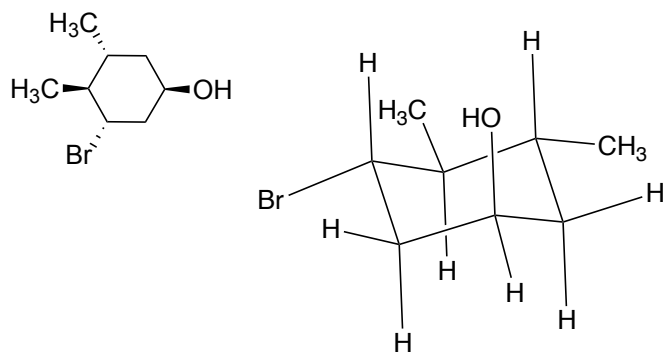
diastereomer

+ 13 other options!

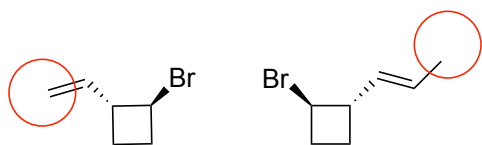
total # of possible stereoisomers =

$$2^4 = 16$$

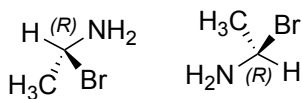
5. (4 pts) Draw the lowest energy chair of the following cyclohexane.



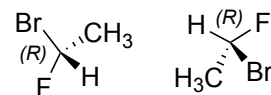
6. (9 pts) For each pair of compounds, label the pair as: unrelated, constitutional isomers (const), or identical (ident).



unrelated



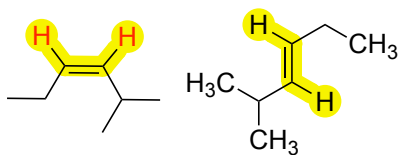
ident.



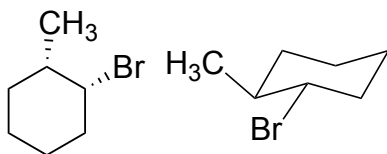
ident.

7. (9 pts) For each pair of compounds, label the pair as: enantiomers (enant.) or diastereomers (diast.)

cis vs trans = diastereomers
Z vs E alkene = diastereomers



diast.



diast.

(3*R*,4*R*)-3,4-dimethylhexane

(3*S*,4*R*)-3,4-dimethylhexane

diast.